Maths work – week beginning 18th May.

Focus: circles, area/perimeter of compound shapes and volume of shapes.

Key knowledge needed for this week

Circles:



Note: radius is half the diameter

Video support on espresso (login in student password student:

https://central.espresso.co.uk/espresso/primary_uk/subject/module/video/item353693/ grade2/module326776/index.html

Area:

- to find the area of a rectangle you need to multiply the length by the width
- to find the area of a compound shape split it into smaller shapes Work out B and then add together.



you need to shape A and

to multiply

to find the area of a triangle: you need to react the length by the height and then divide by 2.
 (<u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zjbg87h/articles/zsqxfcw</u>)

Perimeter:

To find the **perimeter** you need to **add** the lengths of all of the sides (you might also need to work out the missing lengths if they haven't been written on)

Session 1

Starter: make sure you know the terms and can give a definition of them

Key term	Definition
Circumference	

Diameter	
Radius	

Questions

 What is the diameter of a circle with a radius of: 		
a) 5.3 cm	c) 4.6 cm	
b) 4.6 cm	d) 6.7 cm	
2) What is the radius of a circle with the diameter of:		
a) 15 cm	c) 9.6 cm	
b) 10.8 cm	d) 12.4 cm	

Applying knowledge:

Q1. Four large circles and five small circles fit exactly inside this rectangle.



Not actual size

The diameter of a large circle is 17.5 centimetres.

Calculate the **diameter** of a small circle.

Sessions 2/3

Aim: to know how to work out the area of compound shapes.

Task: complete either section a or b. Split the compound shapes into 2 or 3 smaller shapes before you try to work out the area.







Identify the shapes where the area can be calculated. Calculate the area of each compound shape.

Write possible measurements for these shapes based upon the area given.



Extension: work out the perimeters of the shapes also.

Session 4/5:

Focus: working out the areas of triangles. Remember the area of a triangle is half of base x height. So multiply the base by the height and then divide by 2. Answers will vary depending on how the sheets print off.

Complete at least 2 sheets

A)

Measure the shorter sides to the nearest centimetre and calculate the area of each of these right-angled triangles.





Measure the base and height of each triangle to the nearest centimetre. Calculate the area of each of these triangles.





C)

Session 1 answers

Questions

- 2) What is the diameter of a circle with a radius of:
- a) 5.3 cm __10.6cm____ b) 4.6 cm ___9.2 cm____
- c) 8.9cm __17.8cm____ d) 6.7 cm ___13.4 cm____

2) What is the radius of a circle with the diameter of:

- a) 15 cm ____7.5cm _____ c) 9.6 cm ____4.8 cm _____
- b) 10.8 cm ___ 5.4cm _____ d) 12.4 cm ____ 6.2 cm ____

Applying skills: answer is 14cm.

Session 2/3 answers

Question	Section A	Answer	
Identify the shapes where the area can be calculated. Calculate the area of each compound shape.			
1	Total: 42cm ²	6	Total: 96cm²
2	Total: 35cm²	7	Total: 57cm²
3	Total: 38cm²	8	Total: 88cm²
4	Total: 42cm²	9	Total: 94cm ²
5	Total: 38cm²	10	Total: 104cm ²

Question	Section B	Answer	
Identify the shapes where the area can be calculated. Calculate the area of each compound shape.			
1	Total: 105m²	4	Total: 71m²
2	Total: 98m²	5	a: 14m b: 6m c: 6m d: 2m e: 3m f: 6m g: 5m h: 10m
3	Total: 59m ²	6	a: 12m b: 4m c: 10m d: 3m e: 4m f: 5m g: 6m h: 3m i: 12m j: 15m

Session 4/5

Answers are based on the sheets being printed at full A4 size.

Sheet 1:

Sheet 2:	

Question Number	Area
1	12cm ²
2	10cm ²
3	9cm ²
4	8cm ²
5	15cm ²
6	8cm ²
7	14cm ²
8	15cm ²
٩	25cm ²
10	6cm ²

Question Number	Area
1	20cm ²
2	12cm ²
3	31.5cm ²
4	40.5cm ²
5	18cm ²
6	14cm ²
7	18cm ²
8	33cm ²
٩	6cm ²
10	17.5cm ²

Sheet 3

Question Number	Area
1	7cm ²
2	8.6cm ²
3	17.4cm ²
4	10cm ²
5	13.6cm ²
6	10cm ²
7	6.4cm ²
8	9cm ²
٩	9cm ²
10	29.2cm ²